How Do You Pray? (2) <u>www.aubeacon.com</u>

Introduction: Prayer is an expression of our thoughts and motives to God.

- A. If we have been growing closer to be like God then we have properly learned how to worship God. (Jn 4:23-24)
 - 1. When you examine prayer it is much more than just a place to make requests of God. We should be pouring out our very soul to Him!
 - 2. So far we have seen that prayer can be broken down into four components: **Praise, Confession, Petition and Intercession.**
- B. We have learned how praise is a confession to God of what we have learned about Him!
 - 1. We do this in our singing but this should be a major element in our prayers!
 - 2. How uplifting it is to get out of yourself and see the mighty works and love of God. (Psa 22:22; 25-26; Psa 73:25-28)

I. What is confession?

- A. Confession ὑμολογέω from a basic meaning say the same thing; (1) as binding a speaker to his word (solemnly) promise, assure (MT 14.7); (2) as confessing that something is true admit, agree (HE 11.13), opposite ἀρνέομαι (deny); of an acknowledgment of sins confess (1J 1.9); (3) in judicial matters make a binding statement, confess, bear witness (AC 24.14); as making a public acknowledgment of allegiance confess, declare, acknowledge (JN 9.22); (4) in a religious and moral sense, as making a public statement of what one believes profess, confess, acknowledge (RO 10.9, 10); (5) as acknowledging what is due to God praise (HE 13.15)
- B. We are going to specifically look in this study at the confession of sin.
 - 1. Confession is simply acknowledging what God says about what we have done. When included in prayer there is necessarily implied that he has repented.
 - 2. Confession shows a kind of mind that is humble and seeking God. Without confession we have crossed into a realm where we no longer want God's light and thus cannot have His fellowship.
- C. How can man and God have fellowship?
 - 1. God is light and in Him is no darkness at all. (1 Jn 1:5)
 - 2. Do you want to have fellowship with God? Then you must walk in the light!
 - 3. Jesus proclaimed this truth about all who followed His life. (Jn 1:4-5; 8:12)
- D. Confession is a natural daily product of walking in the light!
 - 1. God provides forgiveness through His conditional promises. (1 Jn 1:7-10)

- 2. What conditions are indicated in this passage and others for a Christian to find forgiveness? (Acts 8:22; Rev 2:5, 16, 21)
- 3. Does God automatically forgive our sins?
- 4. What is the basis of our assurance of a right standing with God? We have confidence in the character of God and in the conditional promises He has given us. (2 Pt 1:3-4; Rom 8:15-17)

II. How should we confess our sins?

- A. We should tell God what He already knows! (Heb 4:13)
 - 1. This is humbling and thus very good for us.
 - 2. Without this knowledge we can become something very bad. (Mt 23:26; Jn 9:40-41)
- B. Be specific because God wants us to come clean.
 - 1. There is a big difference in what and when I am to confess to God and what and when I am to confess sin to a man or men.
 - 2. What is the purpose of a general confession?
 - 3. Does this communicate anything that we did not already know? Ex. "If I have offended anyone" or "I was wrong, I have sinned." What have you actually done?
 - 4. If I am to pray for you in a struggle with sin, what should I pray about for you? (James 5:16)
- C. Confession should be both painful and cleansing.
 - 1. We should never fear the response of our God to a genuine confession.
 - 2. David poured out a broken heart to God from which God restored his heart to one of joy. (Psa 51:2-4, 12)

III. Consider these Bible examples of confession in prayer.

- A. Personal confession made only to God.
 - 1. A Confession of David (Psa 32:1-7)
 - 2. The confession of the Publican. (Luke 18:13)
- B. Corporate confession, one individual on the behalf of the group.
 - 1. The prayer of Ezra. (Ezra 9:6-7, 9-10, 13-15)
 - a. Rather than just say "the preacher stepped on our toes" try praying for the church. This could be done publicly as well!
 - b. Would Ezra be welcomed here to lead prayer?
 - 2. The prayer of Nehemiah. (Neh 9:1, 32-37)
 - a. Watch out when you see one about to lead prayer in sackcloth!
 - b. I believe some of my brethren would be embarrassed at this prayer.
 - "We are not that bad! He is too emotional! Sure we have sinned, but..."
 - 3. The prayer of Daniel (Dan 9:3-11)

Conclusion: It is crucial that Christians understand confession!

- a. In many churches there is a lack of openness and honesty because we have failed to deal with sin as God would have us.
- b. Warning: Do not use prayer as a weapon.