A Study of the life of Joseph (3) The providence of God

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Introduction: We always need to remember that we cannot see as God does concerning the events of this life.

- A. Consider the awesome knowledge and power of our eternal God. (Psa 139:1-8)
 - 1. God knows the future! (Isa 46:9-10)
 - 2. God's awesome power will be used to protect His people. (Psa 121:7-8; 2 Tim 4:18)
- B. How does man see?
 - 1. Because of our limits we can only see things "under the sun."
 - 2. What seems as a very long time to us is nothing to God. (2 Pt 3:8-9)
 - 3. Above all we cannot know the purposes and plans of God. What we view as a tragedy may be a victory!
 - 4. Be careful what you judge by sight! (2 Cor 6:4-10)

Discussion: How should we view adversity in our lives?

- 1. How can something bad be made to work for good by the Lord? (Rom 8:28)
- 2. Why do we need to be reminded of the promises of God during difficult times?
- 3. What is wrong when we conclude that the sufferings of a person must be because they are not right with God?

I. Even in adversity Joseph could see the providence of God

- A. What do we mean by the "providence of God?"
 - 1. Providence is not:
 - a. A Miracle "a deed which is impossible to forces ordinarily in that order. God's miracles are for a purpose. One need not guess if a miracle has occurred. (Mark 16:17-20)
 - b. The actions of men alone.
 - 2. Consider the English word and its origin: Latin "providentia" from "providere" to provide. Etymologically: "pro" before; "videre" to see.
 - 3. The word means then "to see before". It expresses forethought and foresight.
 - 4. In the King James version the word is found in Acts 24:2.
 - 5. There are two Greek words that express the concept of providence.
 - a. The verb Pronoeo Used three times and is translated "have regard for" and "take thought". (Rom 12:17; 2 Cor 8:21; 1 Tim 5:8)
 - b. The noun pronoia translated "forethought, care, provision for something." (Acts 24:2; Rom 13:14)
 - c. When applied to God providence means: "His foresight and forethought in creating the universe whereby He would be in control and could carry out his purpose to its ultimate consummation."
- B. Consider the fact of God's providence in Joseph's life.

- 1. After becoming a slave God took care of him. (Gen 39:2-4)
 - a. How important is our position in life? What really does matter?
 - b. Even a pagan could see the providence of God!
- 2. After being thrown into prison God took care of him. (Gen 39:21-23)
 - a. What appeared to be a setback was only a change of position. Did any of this change his relationship with God for the bad?
 - b. Another pagan could see the providence of God!
- 3. There was also a miraculous element in the raising up of Joseph when he interpreted the kings dream. (Gen 41:38)
 - a. This occurred however after what appeared to be terrible setbacks. (Gen 40:23-41:1)
 - b. Even without the miraculous element we can see the providence of God working. Why did the butler remember?
- 4. Joseph recognized his whole experience to be the working of God.(Gen 45:5-7; 50:20; Psa 105:17)
 - a. We too have the promise that God is "with us." (Matt 28:19-20; Heb 13:5-6)
 - b. We need to be humble and not arrogant. There is always a question about the specifics of God's providence. (Philemon 1:15)

Discussion: Does the providence of God work today?

- 1. Who has the promises of God's providence?
- 2. How can I know that God has provided?
- 3. What attitudes can hinder us from seeing the provisions of God?
- 4. What are some common mistakes people make when considering the providence of God? (Ex. Job)

II. Joseph was raised to freedom and power by God's provisions

- A. Consider the path he followed to become second in command.
 - 1. He was sold to men who were going to Egypt.
 - 2. He was bought by "Potiphar, an officer of Pharaoh" and "captain of the guard." (Gen 39:1)
 - 3. He was put into not just any prison, but "a place where the kings prisoners were confined." (Gen 39:20)
 - 4. He would meet and show God's power to some of Pharaoh's servants.
 - 5. At the right time he would meet Pharaoh.
- B. Were there any responsibilities on Joseph's part?
 - 1. He had to be faithful to God. He worked hard at whatever he did. (Col 3:23-24)
 - 2. He had to maintain his spirit.
 - 3. He had to take advantage of opportunities to serve others.
- C. Consider how Joseph interpreted dreams.
 - 1. He met the baker and butler because he was willing to serve. (Gen 40:1-4)
 - 2. He learned about their dreams because he cared enough about these men to ask

- why they were sad. (Gen 40:5-7)
- 3. God allowed him to interpret dreams because Joseph recognized Him and His power. He was not doing this for himself. (Gen 40:8)
- 4. Both men recognized the power of God in Joseph. (Gen 40:9-23)
- D. Even with these successes by Joseph he still had to wait.
 - 1. It took two more years. (Gen 41:1)
 - 2. Why does God want us to wait on Him? (Isa 30:18; 40:31; 49:23)

Discussion: How does God work?

- 1. Why is it important that we understand something about how God works?
- 2. Is timing important to God? Can we see the "why" in delays by God?
- 3. Did Joseph focus on this one blessing he wanted to the ignoring of other blessings of God?
- 4. Does God answer every prayer of the righteous? Explain. (1 Jn 5:14-15)

III. Joseph was successful in his work because of God

- A. When he stood before Pharaoh he made that point clear. (Gen 41:14-16)
 - 1. This could have offended Pharaoh. Still it was the truth.
 - 2. This was God's timing. Pharaoh was ready to listen.
- B. Joseph gave the interpretation without seeking advantages for self. (Gen 41:17-32)
 - 1. There was no flattery for Pharaoh.
 - 2. The truth about the future would benefit the country.
 - 3. Joseph recommended a course of action that was wise. He did not recommend himself for the position! (Gen 41:33-36)
- C. Pharaoh made a wise decision that greatly blessed his country. (Gen 41:37-45)
 - 1. Joseph gave God the glory for the good he now experiences (Gen 41:46-52)
 - 2. When the famine came then the nation not only was preserved but grew mightily in power and wealth. (Gen 41:53-57)
 - 3. There came a day where Egypt forgot this great man. (Ex 1:8)

IV. God's work prospered though Joseph

- A. What is the plan of God? (Gen 12:1-3)
 - 1. This is the main reason for Joseph's coming to Egypt. (Gen 50:20)
 - 2. God was to raise up a great nation.
- B. Joseph gave some crucial advice to his father. (Gen 46:31-34)
 - 1. How does this advice work out for good for the future of God's people?
 - 2. Did Joseph need to be concerned with anything besides telling the truth?
 - 3. The greatest purpose for a child of God is to be an instrument in the hands of God!

Discussion: How might God provide for me?

- 1. Might we face situation where telling the truth might cause others to become angry with us? What should we do?
- 2. What possible conflicts could we face in a job, in school or on a sports team?
- 3. How can we best avoid these conflicts?

4. What would a Joseph do?

Conclusion: Will you let God provide for you?